

Issho ni ikimasen ka

Why don't we all go together?



Today's Skit

マイク : 今度の土曜日、海斗と

Mike Ko'ndo no do-yo'obi, Ka'ito to

忍者はくぶつかん
忍者博物館に行きます。

Ninja-Hakubutsu¹kan ni ikima¹su.

I'm going to the Ninja Museum with Kaito this Saturday.

ミーヤ : マイクさんは、本当に

Mi Ya Ma¹iku-san wa, hontoo ni

忍者が好きですね。

ni'nja ga suki¹ de'su ne.

Mike-san, you really like ninja, don't you?

マイク : はい。

Mike Ha¹i.

Yeah.

みんなで一緒にいきませんか。

Minna¹ de issho ni ikimase¹n ka.

Why don't we all go together?

ミーヤ : ああ、土曜日はちょっと・・・。

Mi Ya A¹a, do-yo'obi wa cho'tto...

Oh, Saturday isn't good for me...

タム : 私も授業があります。

Tam Watashi mo ju¹gyoo ga arima¹su.

I have classes too.

海斗 : 残念。

Kaito Zanne¹n.

Too bad.

じゃあ、2人で行こう。

Ja'a, futari¹ de iko¹o.

Then it'll just be the two of us going.

Vocabulary

今度 this time

ko¹ndo

博物館 museum

hakubutsu¹kan

残念(な) too bad

zanne¹n (na)

Key Phrase

いっしょにい
一緒にいきませんか。

Issho ni ikimase'n ka.

Why don't we go together?

To invite someone to do something, change the “masu” of the verb's MASU-form to “masen ka” and raise the intonation. “Masen” is a negative form, but with “masen ka,” it becomes an invitation. To accept the invitation, you say “ii desu ne” or “sounds good.”

Use It!

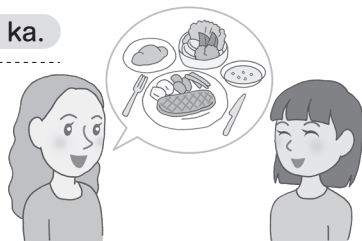
こんばん、いっしょにごはんをたべに行きませんか。

Ko'nban, issho ni go'han o ta'be ni ikimase'n ka.

いいですね。行きましょう。

Ii de'su ne. Ikimasho'o.

Why don't we go out to dinner tonight?
Sounds good. Let's go.



Try It Out!

～ませんか。 Why don't we XXX?

～mase'n ka.

① みんなでバーベキューをする (→します)

minna' de baabe'kyuu o suru (→shima'su)

have a barbecue with everyone

② 一緒に歌う (→歌います)

issho ni utau (→utaima'su)

sing together



Bonus Phrase

どようびはちょっと・・・

Do-yo'obi wa cho'tto...

Saturday isn't good for me...

This expression is used to decline an invitation. “Chotto” means “a little.” However, stretching out the ending and weakening the pitch creates the nuance that you're reluctantly declining.

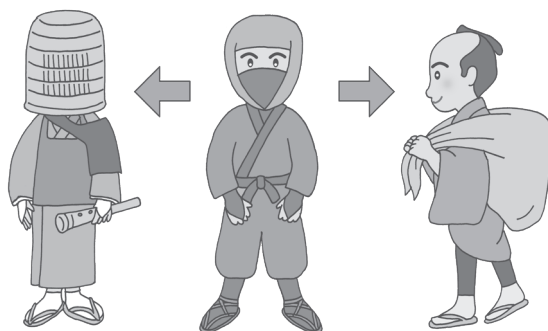


Secrets of the Ninja

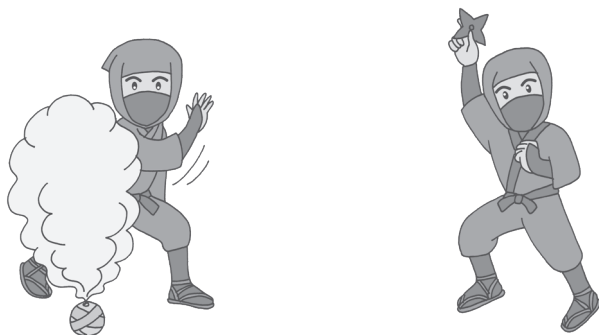
Ninja were like spies or special forces who were active after the 15th century during the age of rival warlords. The history of ninja is somewhat murky.

Ninja were famous for their costumes. They often disguised themselves as merchants, monks, or traveling entertainers to make their way into enemy territory.

Ninja in disguise



Ninja used tools such as shuriken stars and made use of their knowledge of firearms and gunpowder. They sometimes even employed psychological tactics to complete their missions. Warlords valued them as technical experts.



Answer ① みんなでバーベキューをしませんか。
② いっしょ うた一緒に歌いませんか。

Minna¹ de baabe'kyuu o shimase'n ka.
Issho ni utaimase'n ka.

Ninja-Hakubutsukan made,
doo ittara ii desu ka

How can I get to the Ninja Museum?



Today's Skit

海斗 : マイク、似合うね。カッコいい。

Kaito Ma'iku, nia'u ne. Kakko'i.

Mike, it suits you.
You look cool.

マイク : うれしいな。

Mike Ureshi'i na.

I'm glad you like it.

あのう、すみません。

Anoo, sumimase'n.

Er, excuse me.

にんじゃはくぶつかん
忍 者 博 物 館 まで、

Ninja-Hakubutsu'kan ma'de,

どう行 っ たらいいですか。

do'o itta'ra i'i de'su ka.

How can I get to
the Ninja Museum?

通行人 : この道をまっすぐ行ってください。

Passerby Kono michi o massu'gu itte kudasa'i.

Go straight down this road.

はくぶつかん
博 物 館 は、左 に あり ます。

Hakubutsu'kan wa, hidari ni arima'su.

The museum is on the left.

マイク : わかりました。

Mike Wakarima'shita.

I see.

ありがとうございます。

Ari'gatoo gozaima'su.

Thank you very much.

海斗 : さあ、行こう!

Kaito Sa'a, iko'o!

OK, let's get going!

Vocabulary

カッコいい cool

kakko'i

うれしい happy

ureshi'i

みち
道 road

michi

Key Phrase

Can-do! Asking how to get to your destination

にんじゃはくぶつかん
忍者博物館まで、どう行ったらいいですか。

Ninja-Hakubutsu¹kan ma¹de, do¹o itta¹ra i¹i de¹su ka.

How can I get to the Ninja Museum?

To ask how to get to your destination, say “[destination] made, doo ittara ii desu ka.” “Ittara” is the verb “iku” or “to go” in the conditional form. In this case though, just memorize the phrase as a question.

Use It!

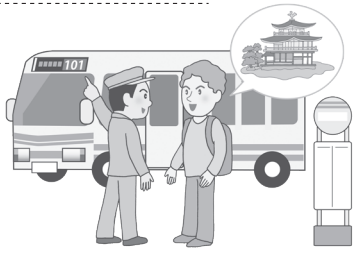
あのう、すみません。金閣寺まで、どう行ったらいいですか。

Anoo, sumimase¹n. Ki¹nkaku-ji ma¹de, do¹o itta¹ra i¹i de¹su ka.

101番のバスに乗ってください。

Hyaku-ichi¹-ban no ba¹su ni notte kudasa¹i.

Er, excuse me.
How can I get to Kinkakuji Temple?
Please get on Bus No. 101.



Try It Out!

あのう、すみません。～まで、どう行ったらいいですか。

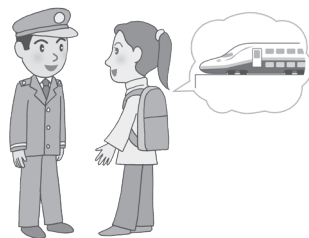
Anoo, sumimase¹n. ~ma¹de, do¹o itta¹ra i¹i de¹su ka.

Er, excuse me.
How can I get to XXX?

① このホテル
kono ho¹teru
this hotel



② 新幹線のホーム
shinka¹nsen no ho¹omu
the platform
for the Shinkansen
bullet train



Directions

Step-up

left	straight	right	turn
hidari	massu ¹ gu	migi	magaru



Convenient Highway Buses

Highway buses crisscross the country, with budget-friendly fares. Popular routes from Tokyo include those to major cities such as Nagoya, Osaka, and Kyoto as well as those to Mt. Fuji, Hakone, and Kusatsu Onsen hot spring.



©Highway Bus Tokyo Station Area Bus Stop Operator ASSOC.

Taking an overnight bus will save you time because you can sleep as the bus travels. Seats can be reserved online. Some buses allow you to select particular seats. Luxury buses are more expensive but may offer more leg room or even individual compartments.

Luxury overnight bus



©WILLER



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- Answer ① あのう、すみません。
このホテルまで、どう行ったらいいですか。
- ② あのう、すみません。
新幹線のホームまで、どう行ったらいいですか。

Anoo, sumimase'n.
Kono ho'teru ma'de, do'o itta'ra i'i de'su ka.

Anoo, sumimase'n.
Shinka'nsen no ho'omu ma'de, do'o itta'ra i'i de'su ka.

どのくらい待ちますか

Donokurai machimasu ka

How long does it take to get in?



Today's Skit

マイク : どのくらい待ちますか。

Mike Donokurai machimasu ka.

How long does it take to get in?

係員1 : 15分くらいです。

Clerk 1 Juu-go-fun kurai desu.

About 15 minutes.

マイク : わかりました。

Mike Wakarimashita.

OK.

海斗 : すごい!

Kaito Sugoi!

Awesome!

ほんもの 手裏剣だ。

Honmono no shuriken da.

A real shuriken ninja star.

係員2 : あの的に投げてください。

Clerk 2 Ano mato ni nagegete kudasai.

Please throw it at that target.

マイク : えい!

Mike E'i!

Go!

あ、落ちちゃった。

A, ochichatta.

Ah, it dropped.

Vocabulary

どのくらい how long

donokurai

待つ wait

ma¹tsu

～くらい about XXX

～ku¹rai

ほんもの real thing

honmono

手裏剣 ninja star

shuriken

あの that

ano

的 target

mato

投げる throw

nage¹ru

落ちる drop

ochi¹ru

Key Phrase

Can-do!

Asking how long something will take

どのくらい待ちますか。

Donokurai machima¹su ka

How long does it take to get in? (Literally: How long do I wait?)

To ask how long something takes, use “donokurai,” which is an interrogative for length of time, distance, or amount. It's used with “machimasu ka” (“matsu” or “to wait”) or “kakarimasu ka” (“kakaruru” or “to take”).

Use It!

すみません。あと、どのくらいかかりますか。

Sumimase¹n. A¹to, donokurai kakarima¹su ka.

にじゅうふん
20分くらいです。

Nijuppun ku¹rai de¹su.

Excuse me. How much longer will it take?
About 20 minutes.



Try It Out!

どのくらい～ますか。

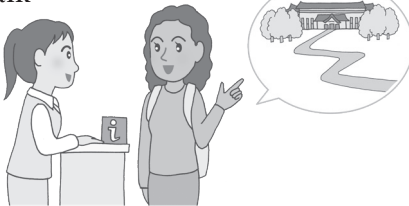
How long XXX?

Donokurai ~ma¹su ka.

① ある 歩く (→ ある 歩きます)

aru¹ku (→ arukima¹su)

walk



② もつ (→ もちます)

mo¹tsu (→ mochima¹su)

last



Length of Time

Minutes	5	10	15	20	30
	go ¹ -fun	ju ¹ ppun	juu-go ¹ -fun	niju ¹ ppun	sanju ¹ ppun
Hours	1	1.5	4	7	9
	ichi-ji ¹ kan	ichi-jikan-ha ¹ n	yo-ji ¹ kan	shichi-ji ¹ kan	ku-ji ¹ kan



Step-up



Pop Culture with Mike

Hands-on Tourism

Tourists can enjoy hands-on activities in Japan. Popular ones include dressing as a ninja or samurai, trying on a kimono, taking part in a tea ceremony, arranging flowers, or making Japanese sweets.

Wearing kimono



©Nagominowa

Making Japanese sweets



©Shichijiyokansyundo

You can also create plastic food samples such as those found in restaurant windows.

And other facilities allow you to experience simulated earthquakes, heavy rain, fires, and tsunami. You'll learn about disaster preparedness.

Making food samples



©DesignPocket

Answer ① どのくらいある歩きますか。 Donokurai arukima'su ka.

② どのくらいもちますか。 Donokurai mochima'su ka.

Yonda koto arimasu

I've read it.



Today's Skit

タム : わあ、マンガがたくさん!

Tam Waa, manga ga takusan!

Wow, so many manga!

マイク : タムさん、このマンガ、知ってる?

Mike Ta¹mu-san, kono manga, shitteru?

Tam-san, do you know this manga?

タム : はい、読んだことあります。

Tam Ha¹i, yo¹nda koto¹ arima¹su.

Yes, I've read it.

マイク : え? 日本語で読んだの?

Mike E? Nihongo de yo¹nda no?

Huh?

You read it in Japanese?

タム : いえ、ベトナム語です。

Tam Ie, Betonamugo de¹su.

No, I read it in Vietnamese.

とてもおもしろかったです。

Totemo omoshiro¹katta de¹su.

It was really fun.

Vocabulary

マンガ manga

manga

たくさん many

takusan

知って(いる) know

shitte (i) ru

よむ read

yo¹mu

日本語 Japanese language

Nihongo

いえ no

ie

ベトナム語 Vietnamese language

Betonamugo

とても very

totemo

おもしろい interesting

omoshiro¹i

Key Phrase

よ
読んだことあります。

Yon¹da koto¹ arima¹su.

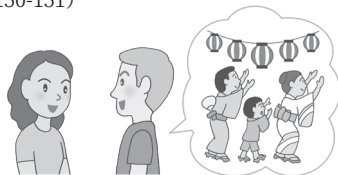
I've read it.

To express what you've experienced, use "[the TA-form of a verb] + koto (ga) arimasu." The verb's TA-form ends with "ta/da," indicating the action took place in the past or has been completed. To make the TA-form, change the "te/de" of the verb's TE-form to "ta/da." (See pp. 150-151)

Use It!

あした ほんおど
明日、盆踊りがありますよ。

Ashita, bon-^odori ga arima¹su yo.



ほんおど ネットで見たことあります。でも本物は見たことないです。

Bon-^odori, netto de mi¹ta koto¹ arima¹su. De¹mo honmono wa mi¹ta koto¹ nai¹ de¹su.

Tomorrow, there will be a Bon dance.

Bon dance, I've seen that on the Internet. But I've never seen the real thing.

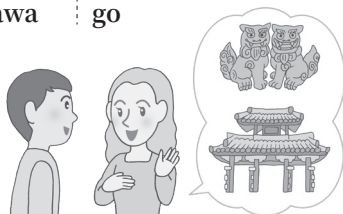
Try It Out!

～ことあります／ないです。 I have/haven't XXX.

～koto¹ arima¹su/nai¹ de¹su.

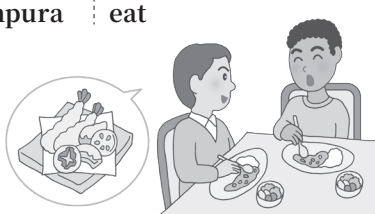
① <have experienced>

おきなわ 沖縄	い 行く (→行った)
Okinawa	iku (→ itta)
Okinawa	go



② <haven't experienced>

てんぷら 天ぷら	た 食べる (→食べた)
tempura	tabe ¹ ru (→ ta ¹ beta)
tempura	eat



Bonus Phrase

し
知ってる?

Shitteru?

Do you know?

This phrase is used among family and friends. To ask in a polite way, say "Shitte masu ka."



Manga Cafés

Japanese manga cover a vast array of genres, including romance, adventure, sports, history, and literature. Manga cafés operate on time basis. Once you pay, you're free to read as many manga as you like for a certain number of hours. Individual cubicles are often available, and many places provide TVs and internet access. Most offer unlimited beverages such as juice and tea.

Spacious browsing area



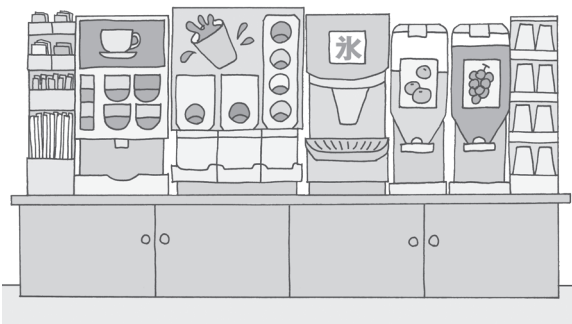
©Kaikatsu CLUB

Comfortable cubicle



©Kaikatsu CLUB

Refreshment corner



Answer ① おきなわ い 沖縄、行ったことがあります。

Okinawa, itta koto¹ arima'su.

② てん た 天ぷら、食べたことないです。

Tenpura, ta'beta koto¹ nai de'su.

おおわくだに い くろ た
大涌谷に行って、黒たまごが食べたいです

Oowaku-dani ni itte,
kuro-tamago ga tabetai desu

I want to go to Owakudani and
then eat a black egg.



Today's Skit

あやか : 箱根には1時に着くよ。
Ayaka : Hakone ni¹ wa ichi¹-ji ni tsu¹ku yo.

We'll arrive at Hakone
at one o'clock.

タムは何がしたい？
Ta¹mu wa na¹ni ga shitai?

Tam, what do you want to
do?

タム : 大涌谷に行って、
Tam : Oowaku-dani ni itte,
黒たまごが食べたいです。
kuro-ta¹mago ga tabeta¹i de¹su.

I want to go to Owakudani
and then eat a black egg.

あやかさん、卵は
A¹yaka-san, tama¹go wa
本当に黒いんですか。
hontoo ni kuro¹in de¹su ka.

Ayaka-san, are the eggs
really black?

あやか : うん。
Ayaka : U¹n.

Yes.

でもね、黒いのは外側だけ。
De¹mo ne, kuro¹i no wa sotogawa dake¹.

But only on the outside.

中は普通のゆで卵。
Na¹ka wa futsuu no yude-ta¹mago.

The inside is an ordinary
boiled egg.

タム : へえ。
Tam : Hee.

Oh.

Vocabulary

たまご egg
tama¹go

黒い black
kuro¹i

普通 ordinary
futsuu

Key Phrase

Can-do!

Expressing past or future actions in sequence

おおわくだに い くろ たまご が 食べたいです。
大涌谷に行って、黒たまごが食べたいです。

Oowaku-dani ni itte, kuro-ta¹mago ga tabeta¹i de¹su.

I want to go to Owakudani and then eat a black egg.

To say two or more actions in sequence, connect them by using the verb's TE-form, as in “[verb 1 in the TE-form], [verb 2].” In the key phrase, the verb “iku” or “to go” is changed to the TE-form “itte” to connect the two sentences.

Use It!



きょう 日は、どこに 行きましたか。
 今日、どこに行きましたか。

Kyo¹o wa, do¹ko ni ikima¹shita ka.



びじゅつかん い はん た 食べて、それから 遊覧船に 乗りました。
 美術館に行って、ご飯を食べて、それから遊覧船に乗りました。

Bijutsu¹kan ni itte, go¹han o ta¹bete, sorekara yuuransen ni norima¹shita.

Where did you go today?

I went to an art museum, had a meal, and then took a sightseeing cruise.

Try It Out!

[verb 1]て、([verb 2]て、) [verb 3]たいです / ました。

[verb 1]te, ([verb 2]te,) [verb 3]ta¹i de¹su/ma¹shita.

I want to/did [verb 1], ([verb 2],) [verb 3].



① <what you want to do>

たかお さん の ぼ 登る (→登って)
 高尾山に登る (→登って)

Takao¹-san ni noboru (→nobotte)
 climb Mt. Takao

しやしん を 撮る (→撮りたいです)
 写真を撮る (→撮りたいです)

shashin o to¹ru (→torita¹i de¹su)
 take photos



② <what you did>

しぶや に 行く
 渋谷に行く

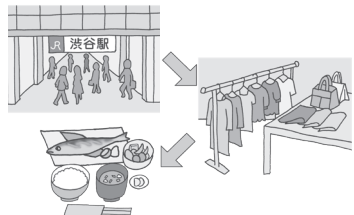
Shibuya ni iku
 (→行って)
 (→itte)
 go to Shibuya

か もの を する
 買い物をする

kaimono o suru
 (→して)
 (→shite)
 go shopping

ご はん を 食べる
 ご飯を食べる

go¹han o tabe¹ru
 (→食べました)
 (→tabema¹shita)
 have a meal



Step-up

Time

1:00	1:30	2:00	3:00	4:00	7:00	9:00
ichi ¹ -ji	ichi-ji-ha ¹ n	ni ¹ -ji	sa ¹ n-ji	yo ¹ -ji	shichi ¹ -ji	ku ¹ -ji



Hakone: Tourist Spot Near Tokyo

Hakone is in the mountains, about an hour and a half from Tokyo. It's well-known for its hot springs. Other attractions include Owakudani, where the terrain was shaped by a volcanic eruption, and the Edo era "Hakone Checkpoint."

Owakudani



Hakone Checkpoint



Hakone also has the mountain train, many art museums, and Lake Ashinoko. If the weather is good, you can enjoy a grand view of Mt. Fuji.

Hakone Tozan Train



A view of Mt. Fuji from Lake Ashinoko



Answer ① 高尾山に登って、写真を撮りたいです。

② 渋谷に行って、買い物をして、ご飯を食べました。

Takao¹-san ni nobotte, shashin o toritai de'su.

Shibuya ni itte, kaimono o shite, go'han o tabema'shita.