



LESSON 29 <sup>ちか</sup>近くで<sup>み</sup>見ると、<sup>おお</sup>大きいですね

CHIKAKU DE MIRU TO, ÔKII DESU NE

アンナ

富士山だ。

That's Mt. Fuji.

Anna

<sup>ちか</sup>近くで<sup>み</sup>見ると、<sup>おお</sup>大きいですね。

When we look at it close by, it's big, isn't it?

あれ。<sup>くも</sup>雲の<sup>かたち</sup>形が<sup>ぼうし</sup>帽子みたいです。

Look! The shape of a cloud looks like a hat.

FUJISAN DA.

CHIKAKU DE MIRU TO, ÔKII DESU NE.

ARE. KUMO NO KATACHI GA BÔSHI MITAI DESU.

健太

あの<sup>くも</sup>雲が<sup>み</sup>見えると、<sup>あめ</sup>雨が<sup>ふ</sup>降るんだよ。

When you see the cloud, it will rain.

Kenta

ANO KUMO GA MIERU TO, AME GA FURU N DA YO.



Grammar Tips

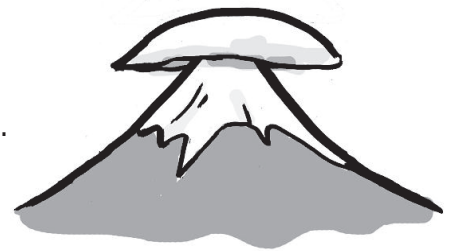
①    **TO** (If   )

◆ If the particle TO comes after a verb, it indicates a condition.

Verbs take the dictionary form or the NAI-form before TO.

e.g.) ANO KUMO GA MIERU TO, AME GA FURIMASU.

(When you see the cloud, it will rain.)



KASAGUMO : a cloud like a hat

②    **N DA**  See lesson 26

◆ N DA is a casual expression of N DESU which you use to explain a situation or a reason.

e.g.) 《Casual》 AME GA FURU N DA. (It will rain.)

《Polite》 AME GA FURU N DESU. (It will rain.)

... ズズズ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ... ザザ...



Sound Words

ZÂZÂ



This is the expression for when it is raining hard.

SHITO  
SHITO



This is the expression for when it is gentle rain.