



LESSON 45

お誕生日おめでとう
たんじょうび

OTANJÔBI OMEDETÔ

みんな

アンナ、お誕生日おめでとう。

Anna, Happy Birthday!

All

ANNA, OTANJÔBI OMEDETÔ.

けん太

健太

これ、ほんの気持ちです。

This is a little something for you.

Kenta

KORE, HONNO KIMOCHI DESU.

アンナ

どうもありがとうございます。

I would like to thank you very much.

Anna

DÔMO ARIGATÔ GOZAIMASU.

さくら

なにをもらったの？

What did you get?

Sakura

NANI O MORATTA NO?

アンナ

開けてもいいですか。

May I open this?

Anna

AKETE MO II DESU KA.



Grammar Tips

① OTANJÔBI OMEDETÔ (Happy Birthday)

◆ OTANJÔBI is "a birthday." OMEDETÔ is "congratulations."

Expressed politely ⇒ OTANJÔBI OMEDETÔ GOZAIMASU. (Happy Birthday.)

② MORAIMASU (to be given/to get)

◆ When the receiver is the subject, you use MORAIMASU. Use the particle NI to indicate the giver.
e.g.) KANOJO WA KARE NI FÛSEN O MORAIMASU. (She is given a balloon by him.)

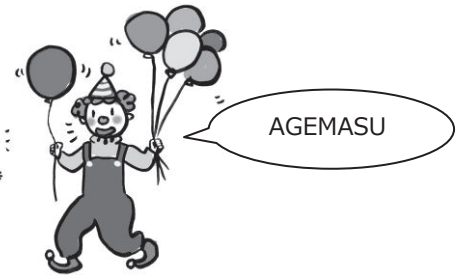
◆ When the giver is the subject, you use AGEMASU (to give).

👉 See lesson 33

e.g.) KARE WA KANOJO NI FÛSEN O AGEMASU.

(He gives her a balloon.)

MORAIMASU

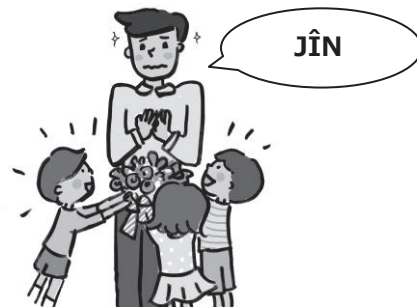


... ゴキウ...



Sound Words

JÎN



HORORI



It describes being moved almost to tears, and deep heartfelt emotion.

It describes being moved to tears in spite of yourself, and feeling sympathy for somebody.