



LESSON 44 わがし た 和菓子を食べってから、まっちゃ の 抹茶を飲みます

WAGASHI O TABETE KARA, MACCHA O NOMIMASU

| | | |
|---------|--|---|
| アンナ | わがし はとてもあまいですね。 | Japanese cakes are very sweet, aren't they? |
| Anna | WAGASHI WA TOTEMO AMAI DESU NE. | |
| せんせい 先生 | わがし を食べてから、まっちゃ の 抹茶を飲みます。 | After you eat Japanese cakes, you drink powdered green tea. |
| Teacher | まっちゃ は苦いかもしれません。 | The powdered green tea may be bitter. |
| | WAGASHI O TABETE KARA, MACCHA O NOMIMASU. | |
| | MACCHA WA NIGAI KAMOSHIREMASEN. | |
| アンナ | せんせい、あしがしびれました。いたたたた。 | Teacher, my feet have gone to sleep. |
| Anna | SENSEI, ASHI GA SHIBIREMASHITA. ITATATATA. | Oh, oh, oh, ouch! |



Grammar Tips

① **TE-form verb** + **KARA** (After _)

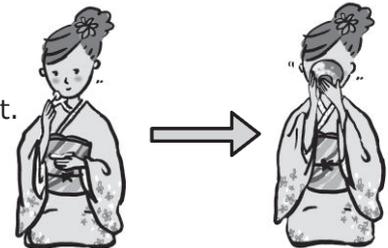
◆ KARA is a particle meaning "after."

An action taken before KARA is followed by another action after it.

You use the TE-form of verbs before KARA.

e.g.) WAGASHI O TABETE KARA, MACCHA O NOMIMASU.

(After you eat Japanese cakes, you drink powdered green tea.)



② **_ KAMOSHIREMASEN** (It may be _)

e.g.) NIGAI KAMOSHIREMASEN. ⇔ AMAI KAMOSHIREMASEN.

(It may be bitter.)

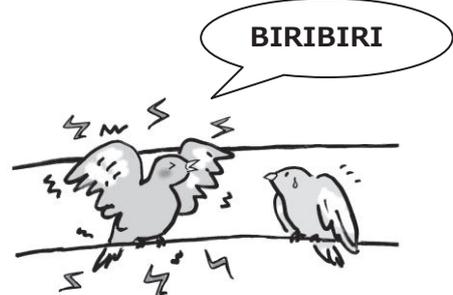
(It may be sweet.)



Sound Words



You say this when your hands or legs have become numb or developed a painful tingle.



It describes a sensation caused by something like an electric shock.